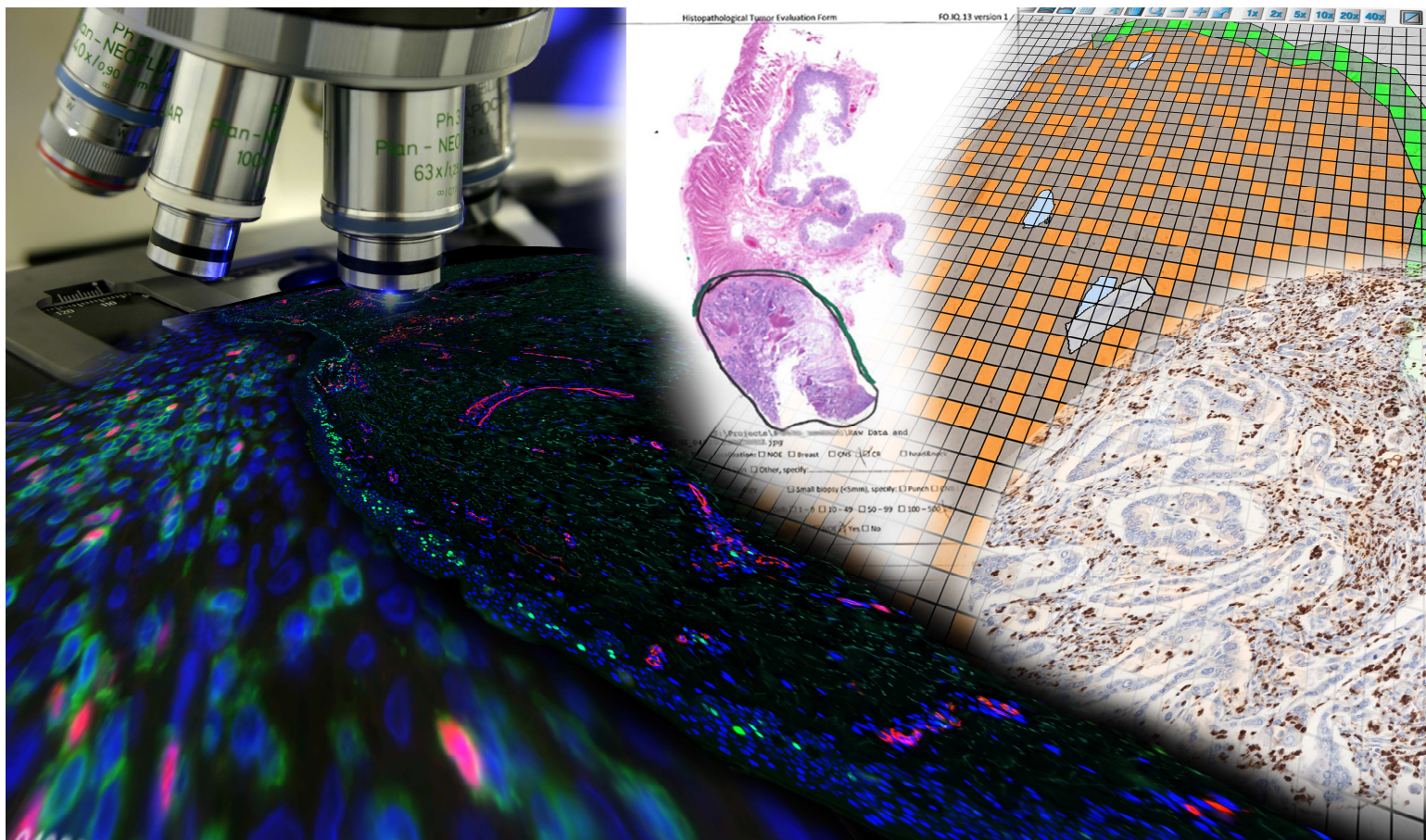


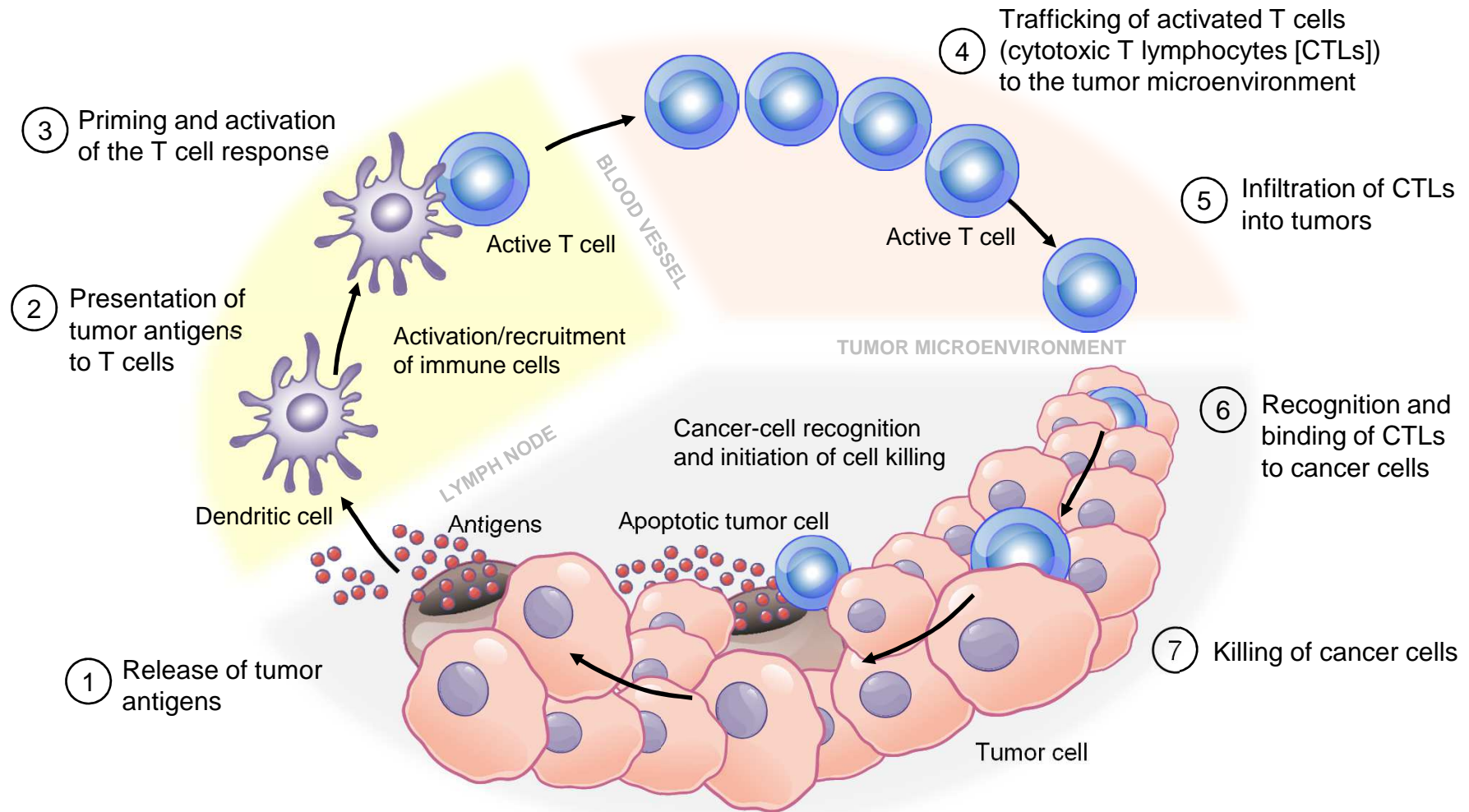
# PD-L1 testing and the Pathologist

*Mark Kockx MD, PhD*

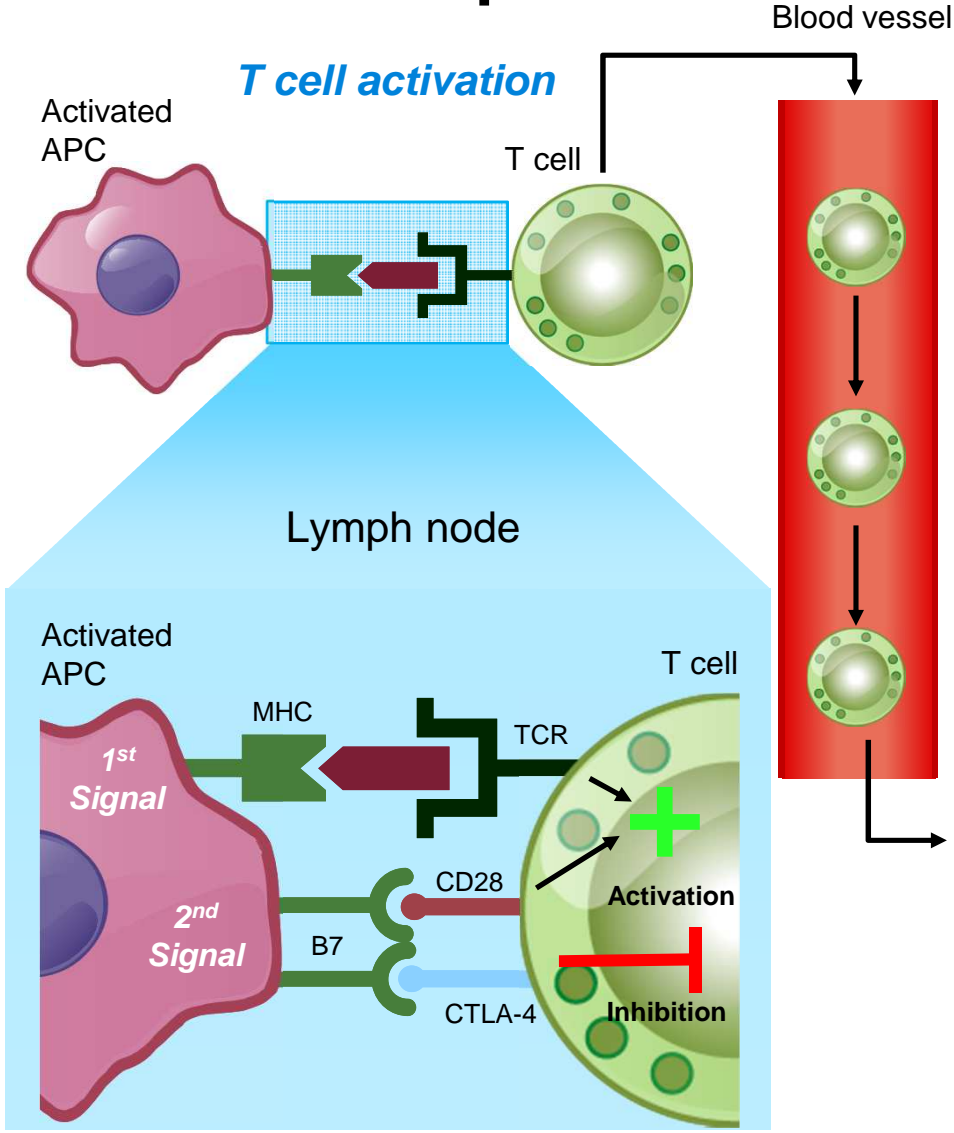
*HistoGeneX*



# The Cancer-Immunity Cycle is Central to Immune Surveillance and Defence



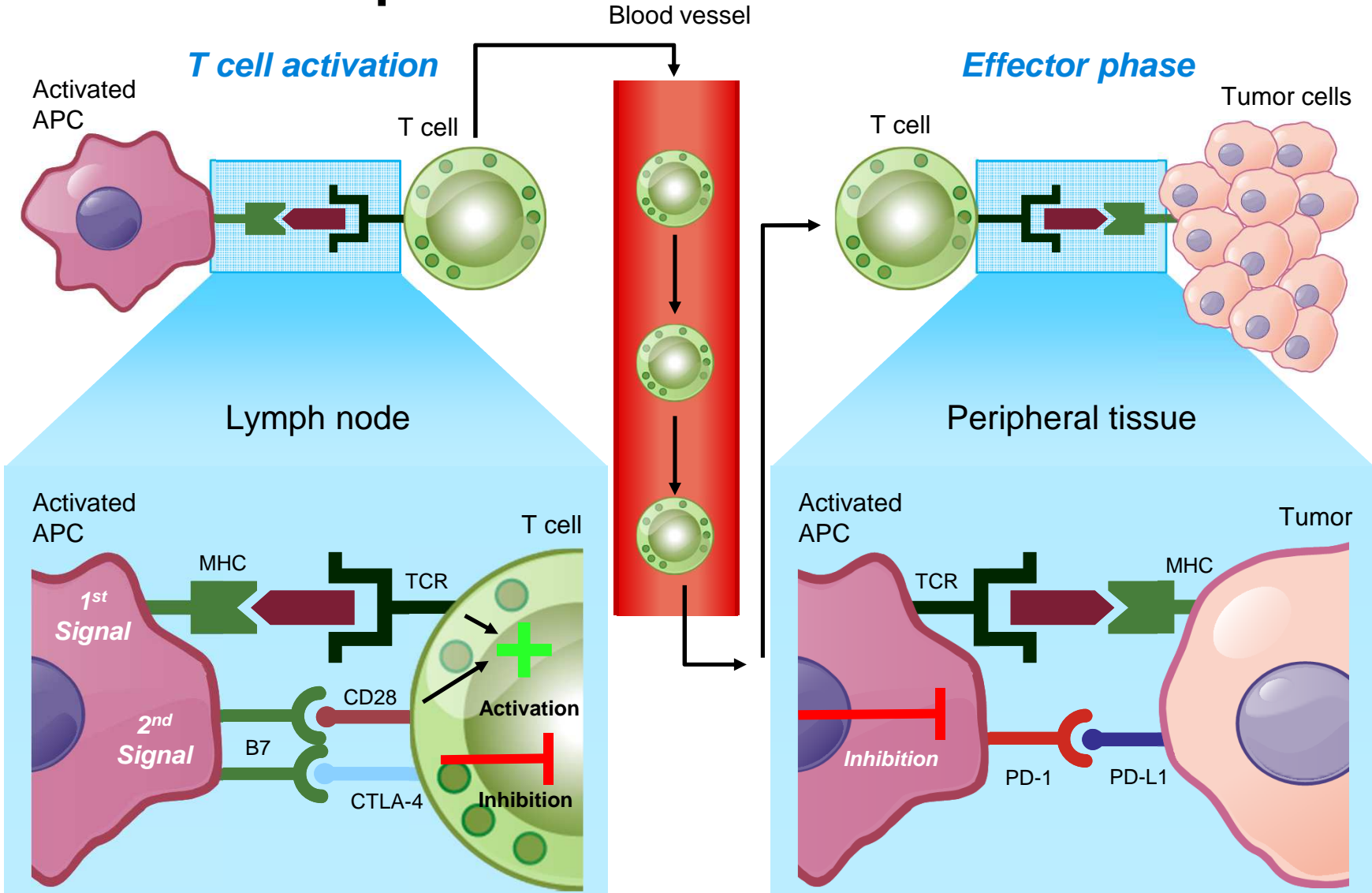
# Immune Checkpoints



Adapted from Kyi C and Postow M. FEBS Letters 2014; 588:368–76

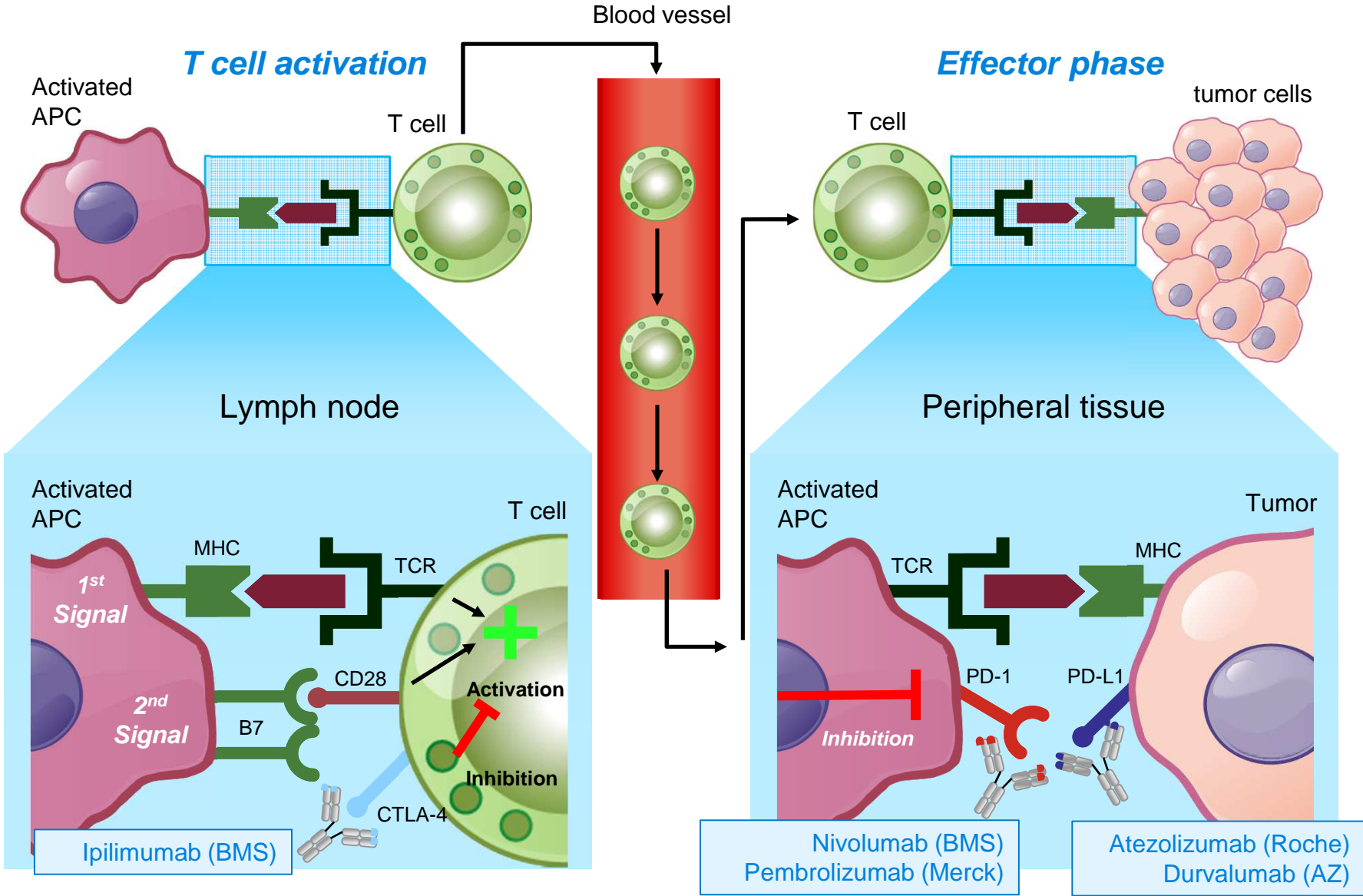


# Immune Checkpoints



Adapted from Kyi C and Postow M. FEBS Letters 2014; 588:368–76  
 Ribas A. N Engl J Med. 2012;366:2517–19

# Immune Checkpoints



Adapted from Kyi C and Postow M. FEBS Letters 2014; 588:368-376

# PD-1/PD-L1

- Immuno-oncology

## Anti-PD-1

- Nivolumab (Opdivo) (BMS)  
*(melanoma, NSCLC, RCC)*
- Pembrolizumab (Keytruda) (MSD)  
*(melanoma, NSCLC)*
- Pidilizumab (Curetech)
- AMP-224 (Amplimmune, GSK)
- AMP-514 (Amplimmune)
- PDR001 (Novartis)

## Anti-PD-L1

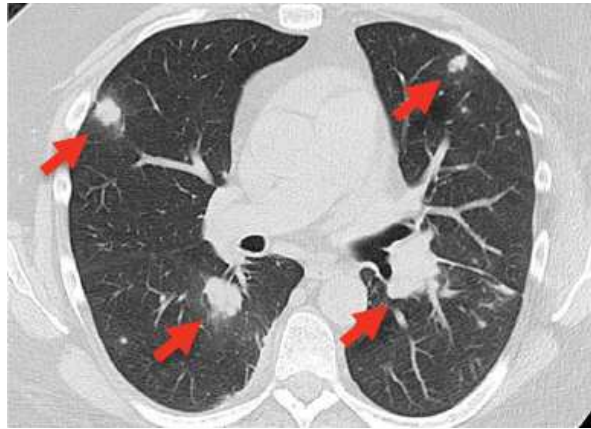
- Atezolizumab (Tecentriq) (Roche)  
*(urothelial cancer, NSCLC)*
- BMS-936.559
- MEDI4736 (MedImmune, AZ)
- Avelumab (Merck, Pfizer)

FDA approved

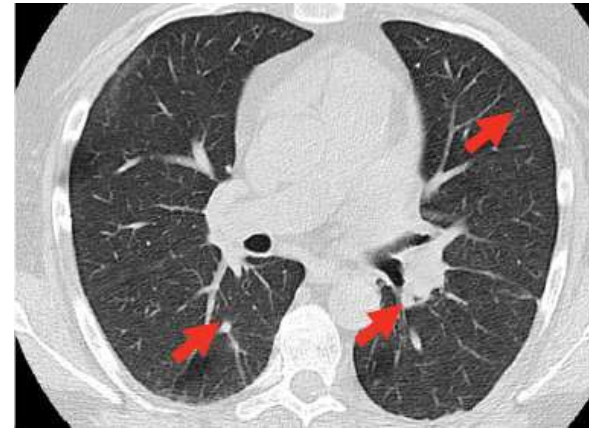
➔ PD-L1 IHC as a predictive biomarker ?

# Blocking PD-L1 Unleashes Immune Response

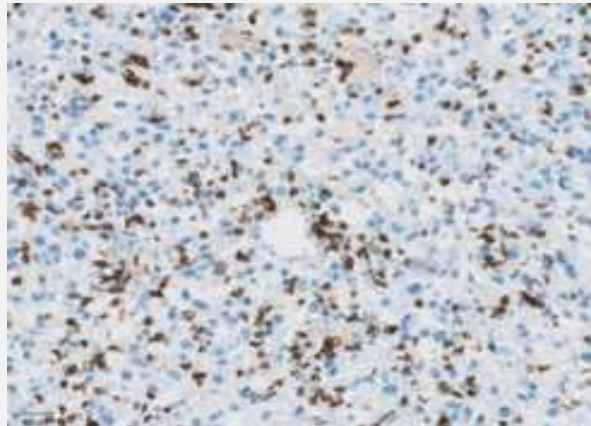
*Atezolizumab in Patient with Renal Cell Carcinoma*



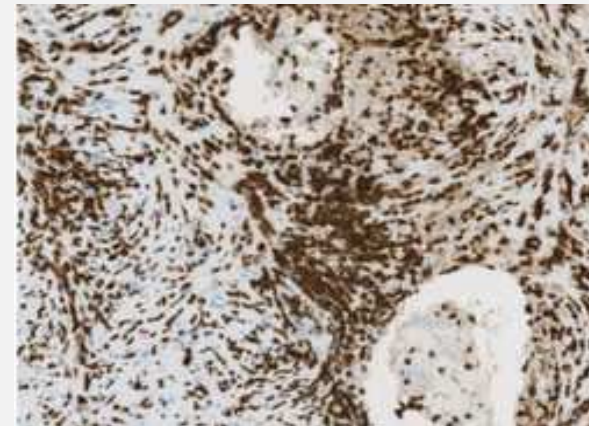
**Pre-treatment**



**Post-cycle 2**



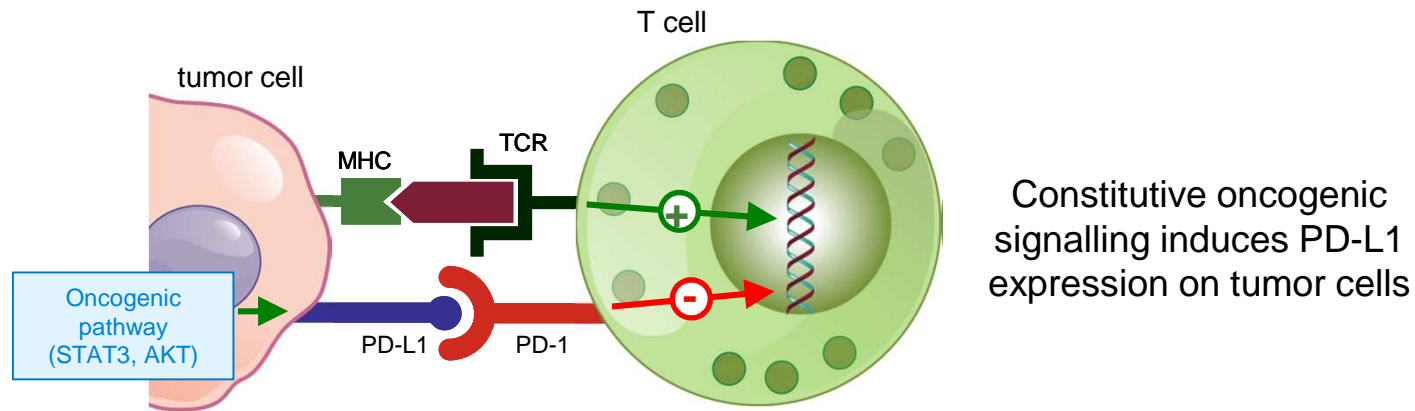
**CD8 pre-treatment**



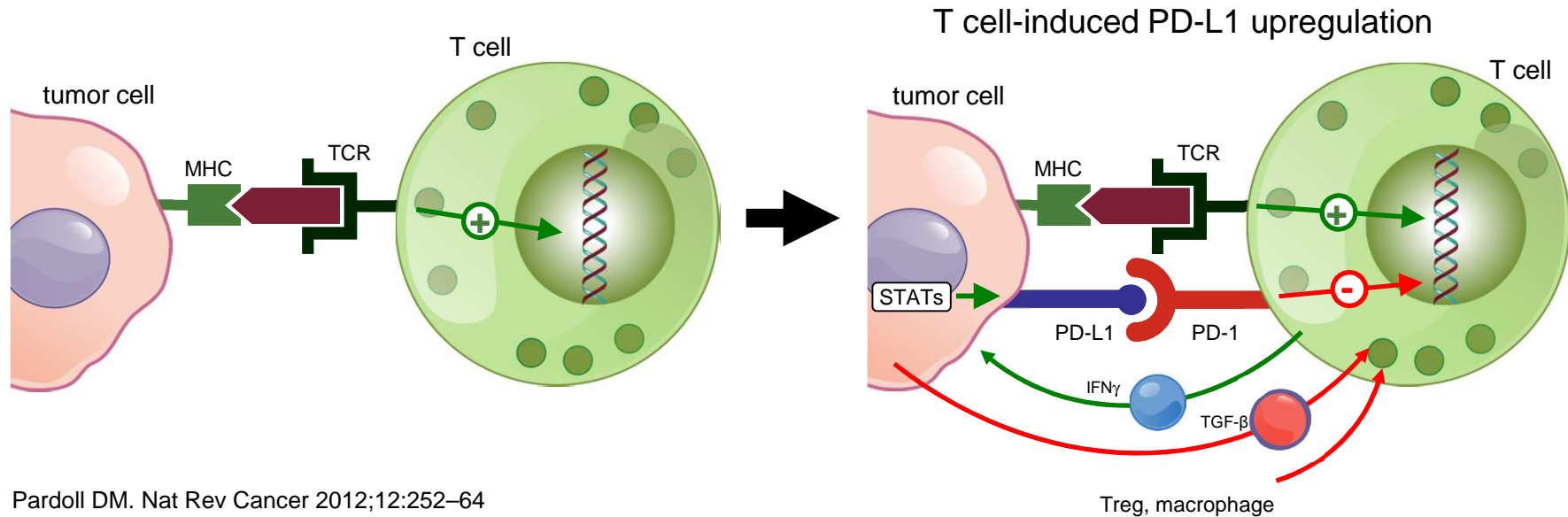
**CD8 on treatment ~4 weeks**

# PD-L1 can be expressed in two Ways

## Constitutive (tumor cell intrinsic) resistance



## Adaptive or inducible resistance





# PD-L1 IHC assays on the market

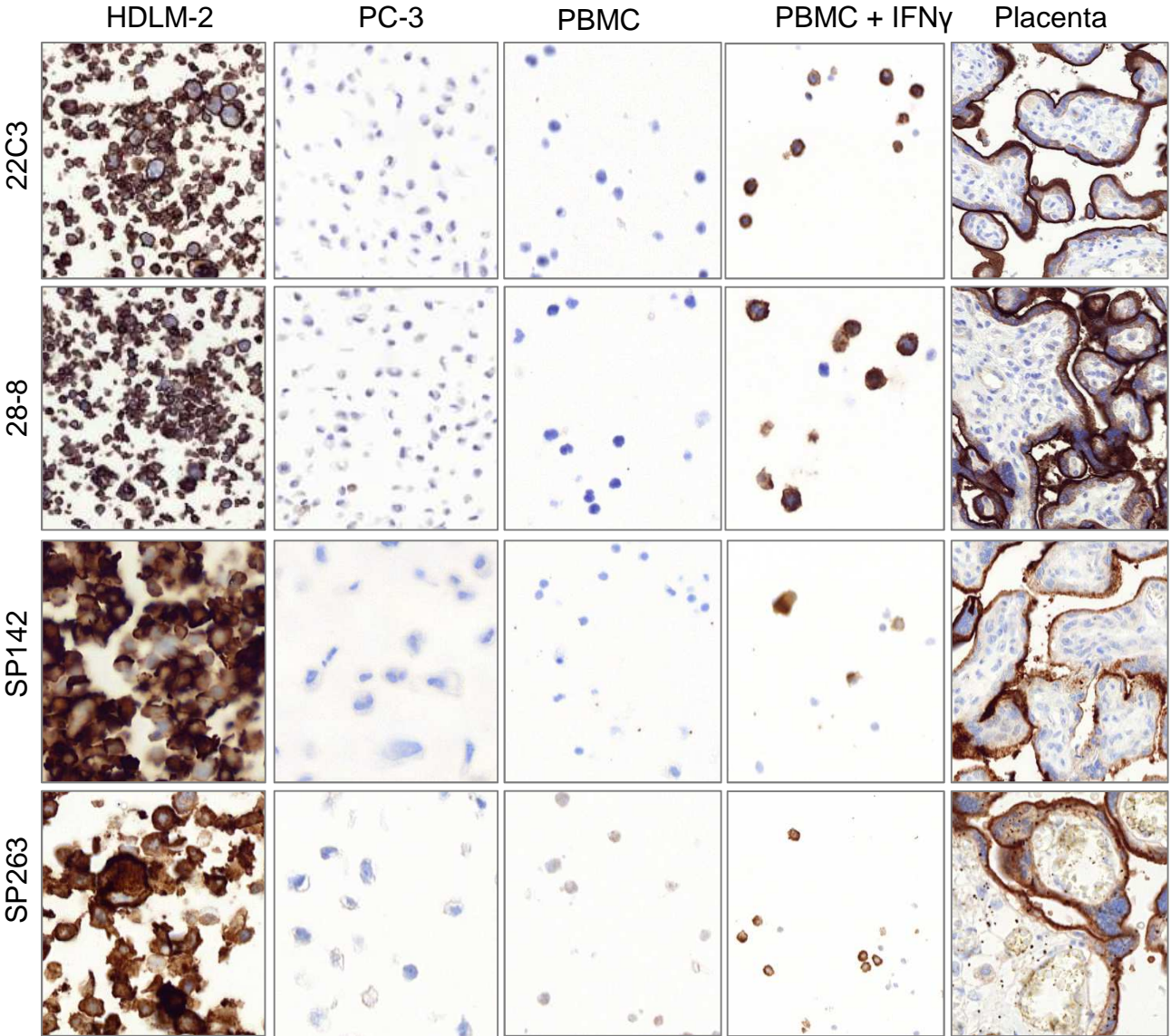
- Commercially available PD-L1 IHC kits

Clone	Evaluation	Pharma	Therapy
28-8 (Rb) PharmDX	TC	FDA Complementary Dx (BMS)	Nivolumab (Opdivo®) BMS-936.559
22C3 (Ms) PharmDX	TC	FDA <u>Companion</u> Dx (MSD)	Pembrolizumab (Keytruda®)
SP142 (Rb)	TC & IC	FDA Complementary Dx (Roche)	Atezolizumab (Tecentriq®)
SP263 (Rb)	TC & IC		Durvalumab Nivolumab (Opdivo®)

# PD-L1 IHC assay implementation in the lab

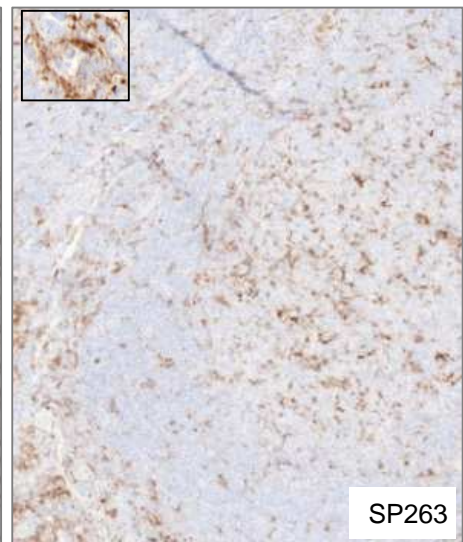
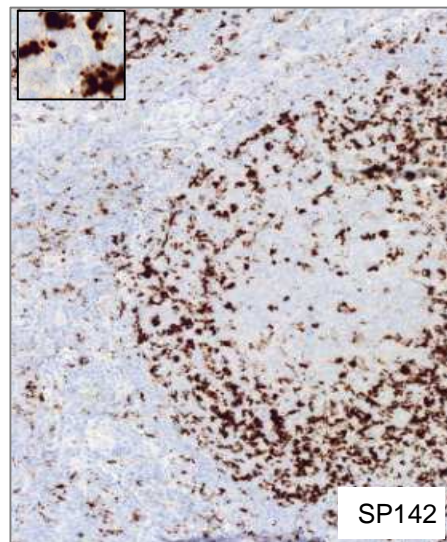
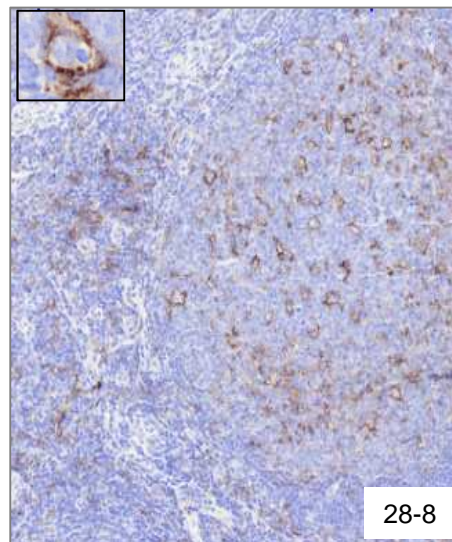
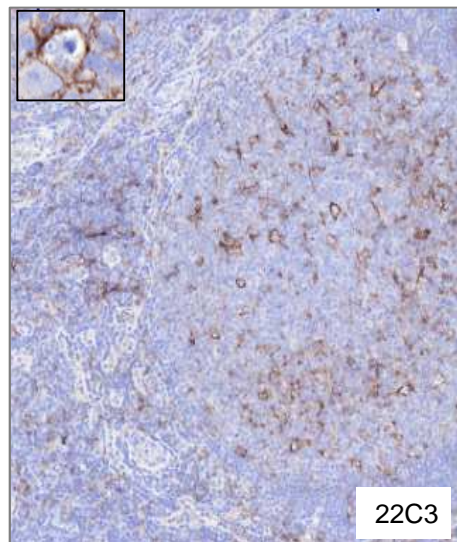
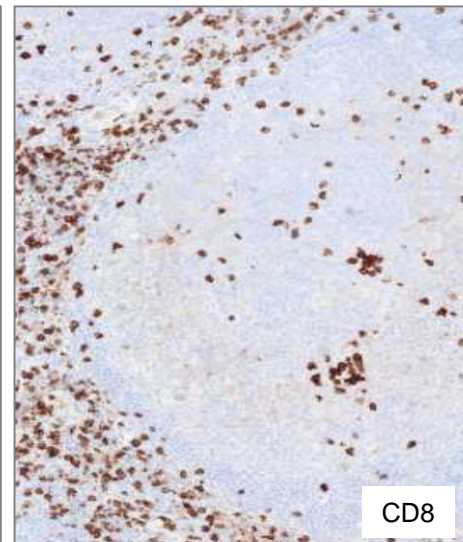
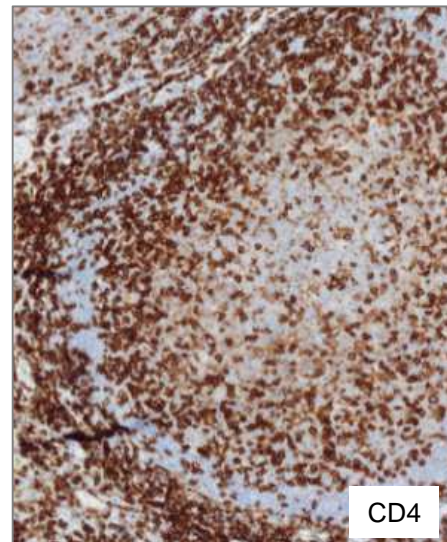
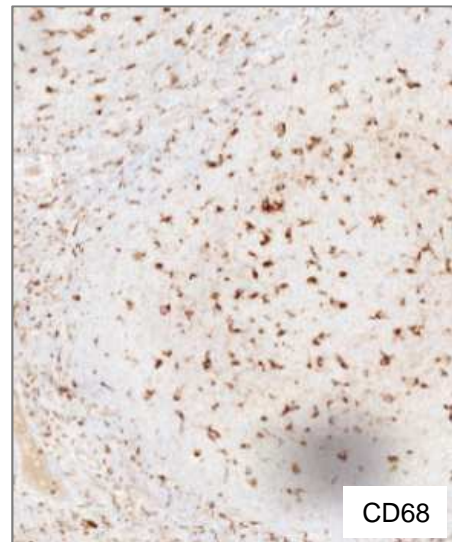
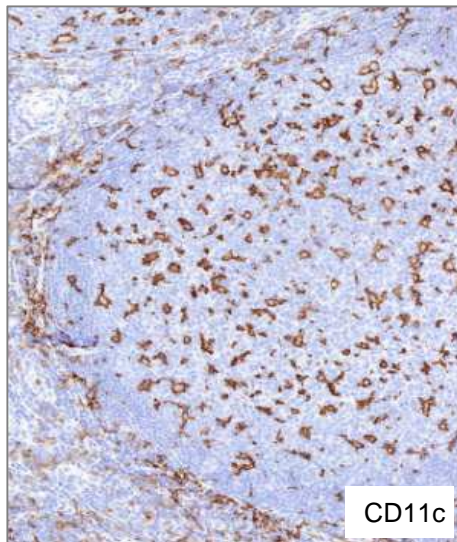
- Implementation validation commercial kits
  - Verification of accuracy
  - Precision testing

# PD-L1 IHC: Accuracy



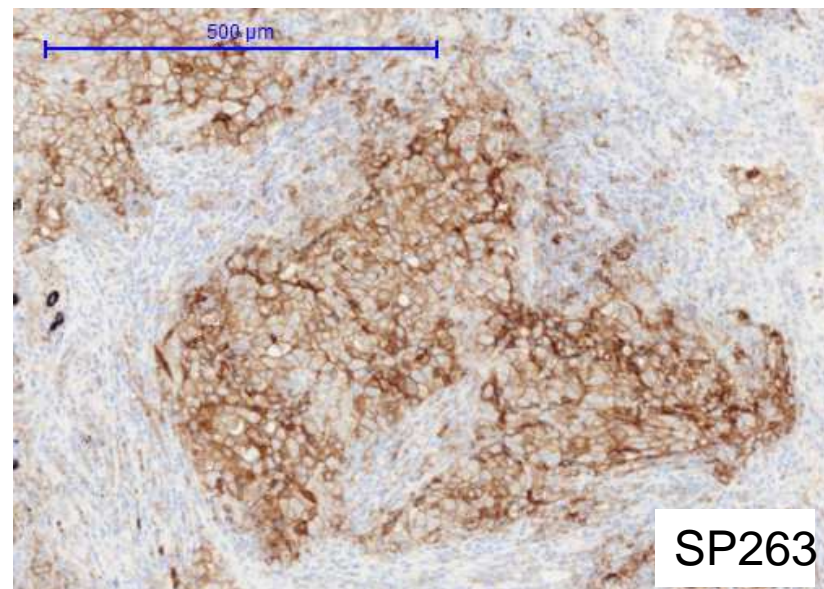
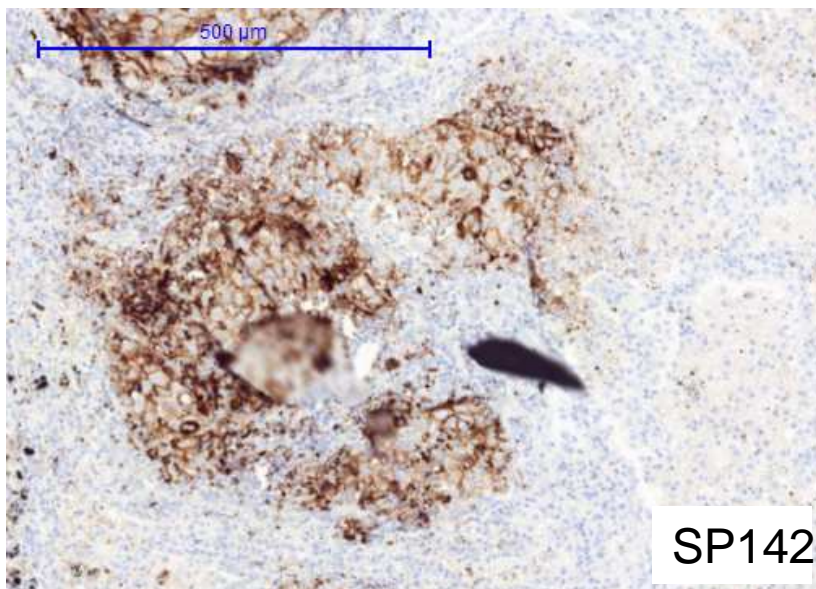
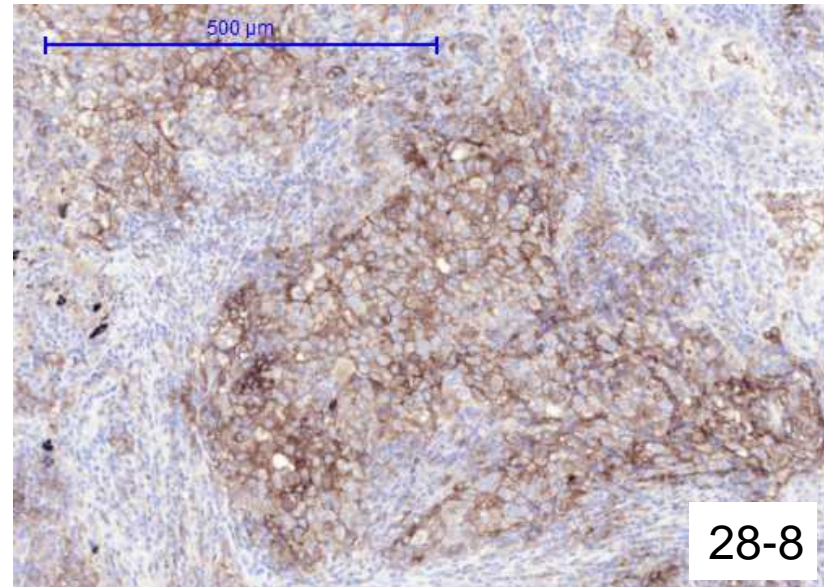
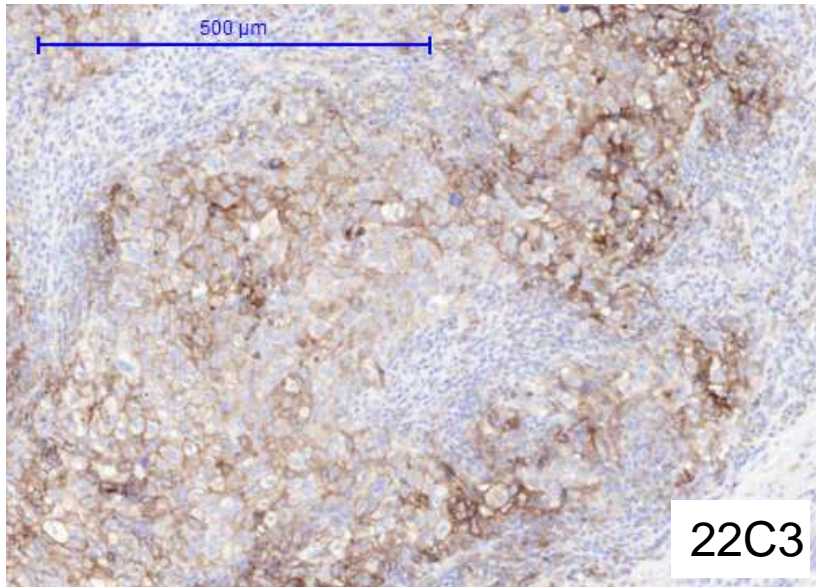


# PD-L1 IHC: Tonsil – germinal center



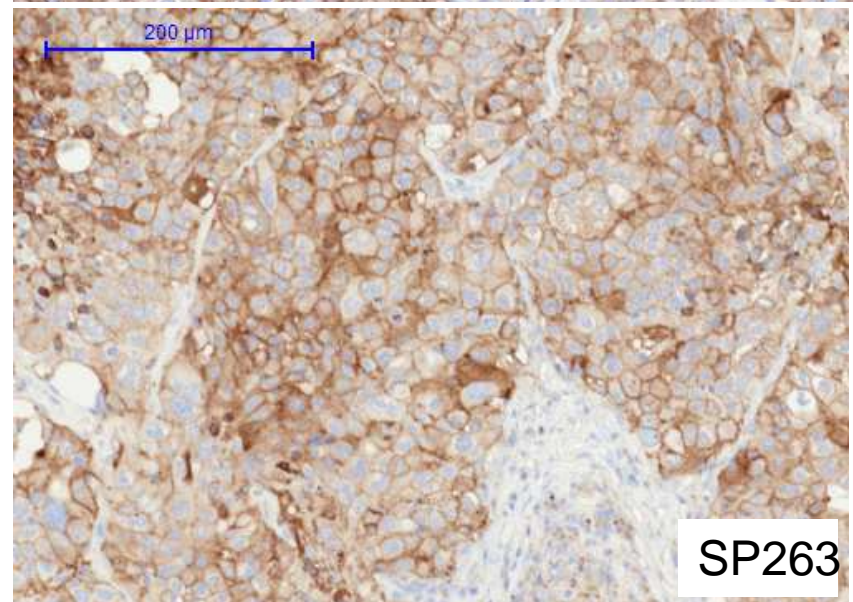
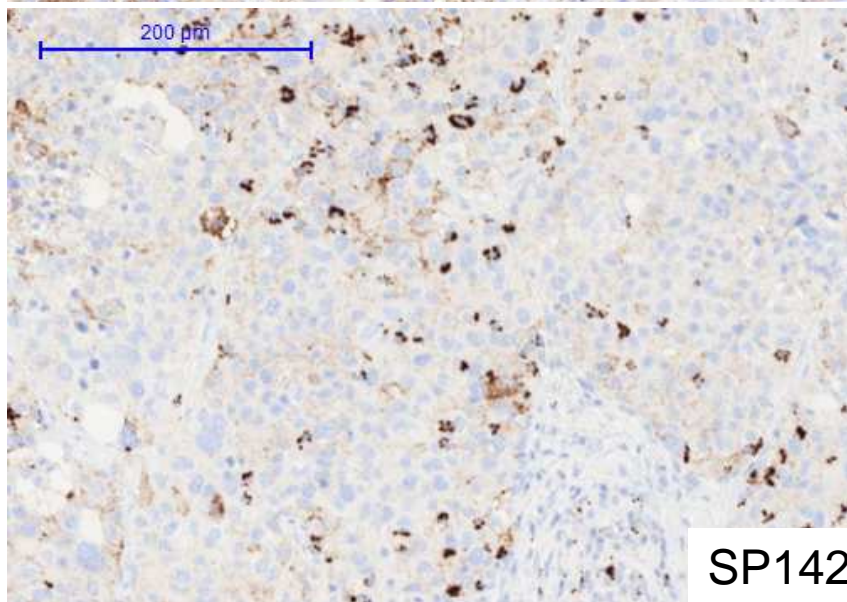
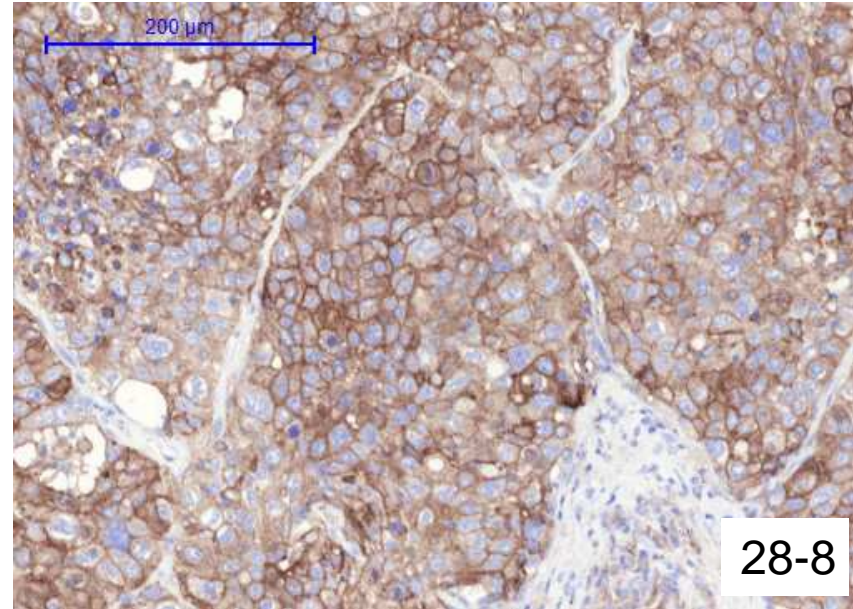
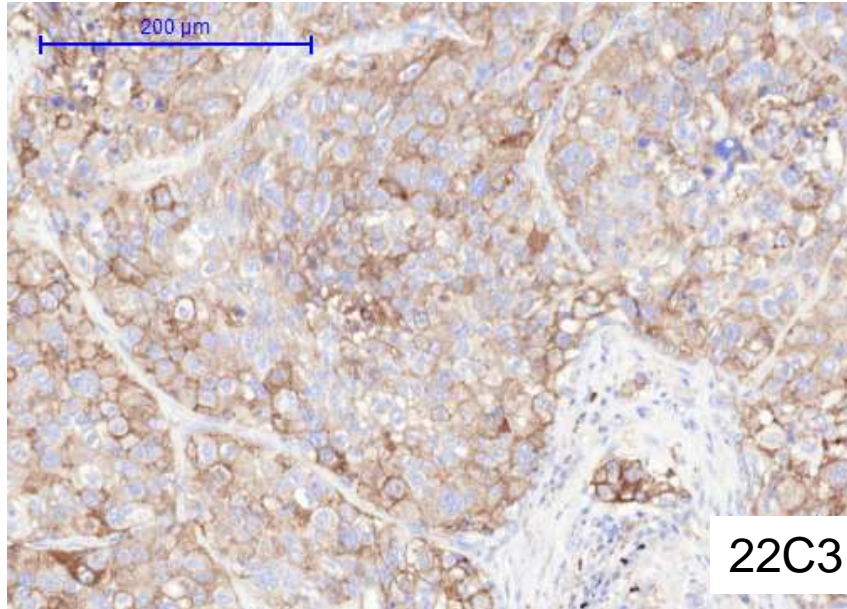


# Tumor: Similar PD-L1 TC staining pattern





# Tumor: Different PD-L1 staining pattern



# Different PD-L1 assays

- Further comparison is needed
  - FDA blueprint phase II ongoing
- Clinical relevance of the observed differences?
- Commercial kits VS LDT
  - Always comparison with the approved kit or use the kit without modification.

# PD-L1 Expression (IHC) as a Predictive Biomarker

## Harmonization Studies

### PD-L1 Blueprint Working Group

**PD-L1 IHC ASSAYS FOR LUNG CANCER: RESULTS FROM PHASE 1 OF THE “BLUEPRINT PD-L1 ASSAY COMPARISON PROJECT”**

### **Harmonized PD-L1 immunohistochemistry for pulmonary squamous-cell and adenocarcinomas**

- Scores in tumor cells (TCs) were similar for 22C3, 28-8, and SP263; lower for SP142
- SP263 and SP142 stained immune cells (ICs) more intensely
- Higher agreement when assessing TCs than when assessing ICs

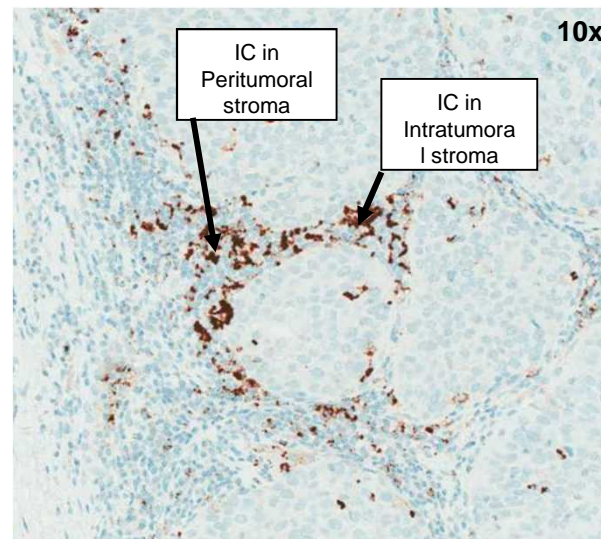
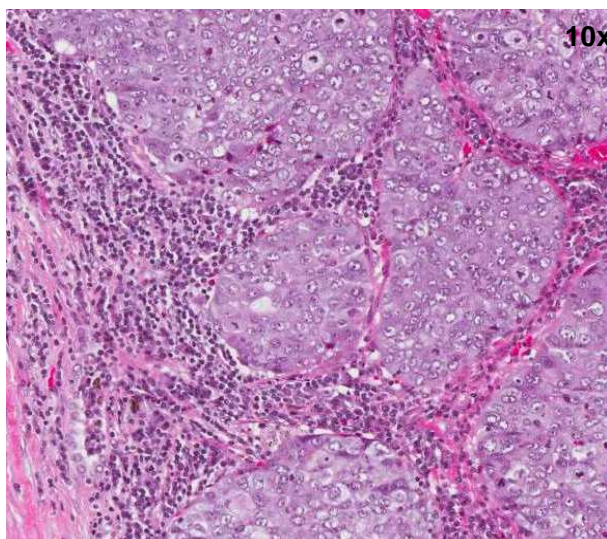


# PD-L1 IHC Evaluation by the Pathologist

- Pathologist
  - » % PD-L1 + in tumor zone
    - » PD-L1 tumor signal (membranous/any intensity)
    - » PD-L1+ tumor cells and/or PD-L1+ immune cells (SP-142)
- Different cut-offs for PD-L1 positivity
  - Per kit
  - Per tumor type
    - NSCLC
      - » 22C3 :  $\geq 50\%$  TC
      - » 28-8 :  $\geq 1\%$  TC
      - » SP142 :  $\geq 50\%$  TC (TC3) or  $\geq 10\%$  IC (IC3)

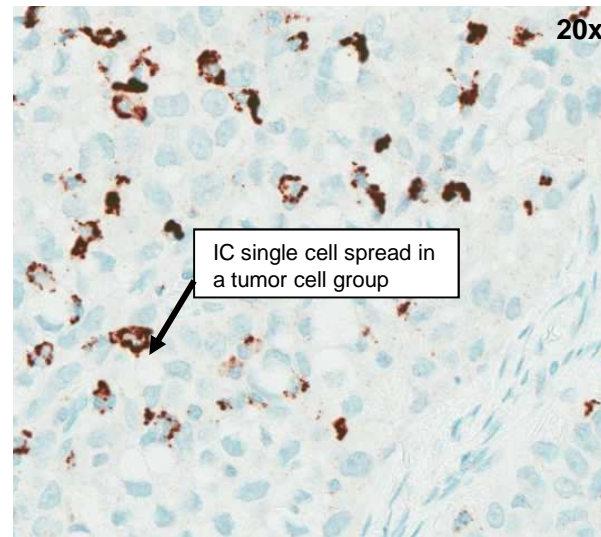
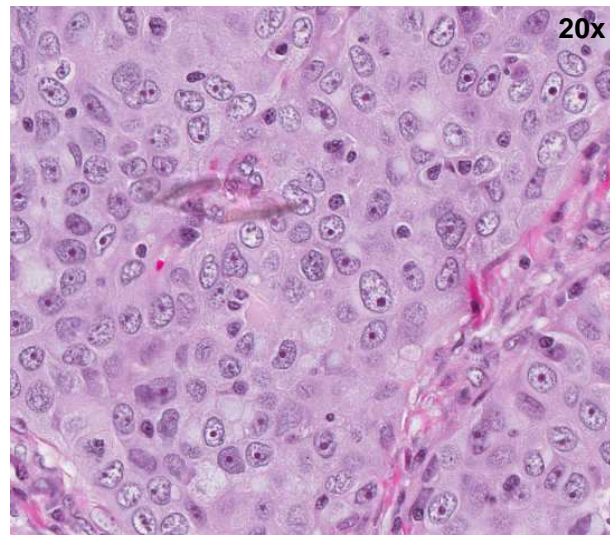
# PDL1 SP-142 IC Staining - Aggregates

HistoPattern: Often at the interface tumor strands and stroma



# PDL1 SP-142 IC Staining – Single Cell Spread

HistoPattern: Often intra-epithelial immune cells

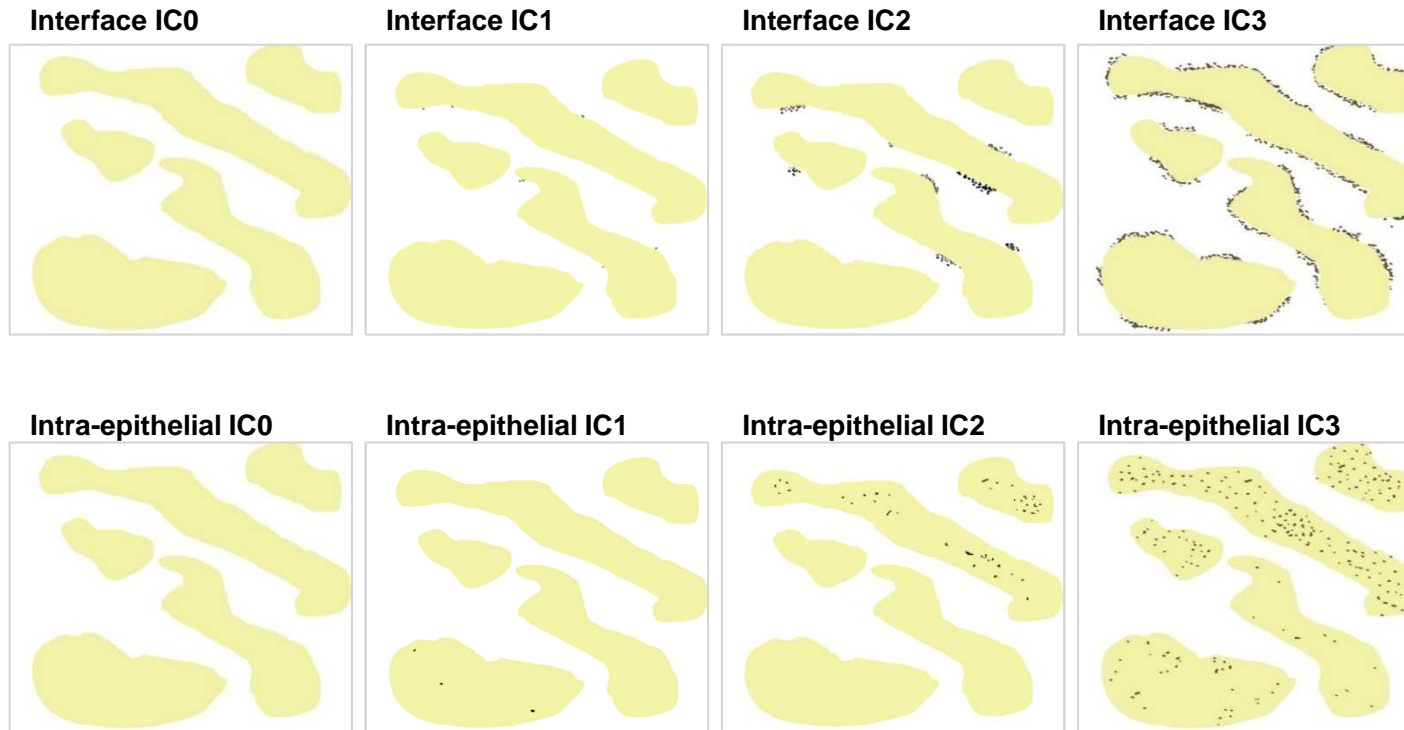


**The Pattern estimation is the translated to the the final % IC score**

<b>PD-L1 IC Staining Criteria</b>	
<b>IC Score</b>	<b>% of PD-L1–Expressing IC</b>
IC3	$\geq 10\%$
IC2	$\geq 5\%$ and $< 10\%$
IC1	$\geq 1\%$ and $< 5\%$
IC0	$< 1\%$



# Graphical representation of interface IC scores and intra-epithelial IC scores



# Sample Types Used for PD-L1 Analysis in NSCLC & Bladder Cancer

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## NSCLC

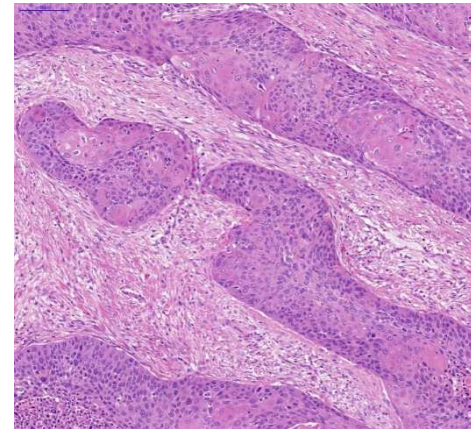
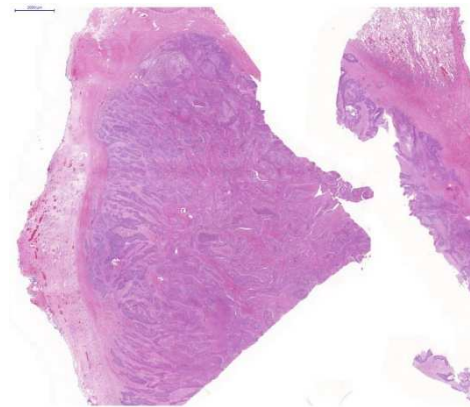
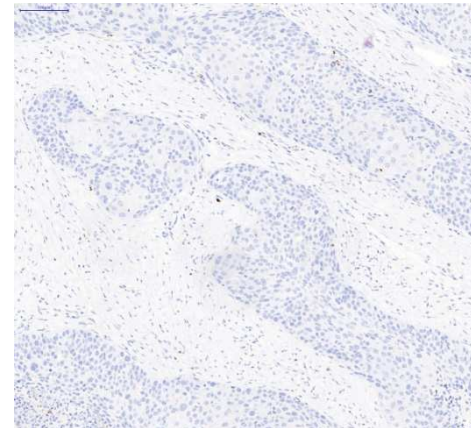
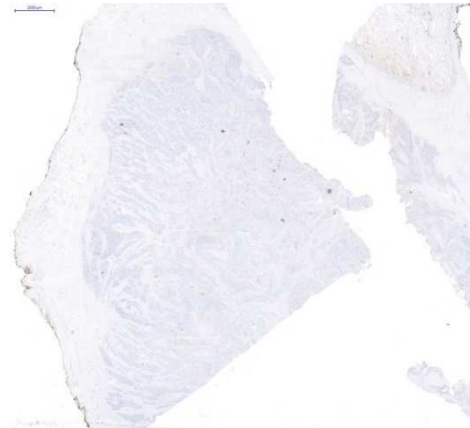
- Bronchoscopic Biopsies
- Tru Cut Biopsies
- Resections
- Metastatic Lesions

## Bladder

- TransUrethral Resection (TUR)
- Resections
- Metastatic Lesions

# PDL1 SP142

	IC0	Negative
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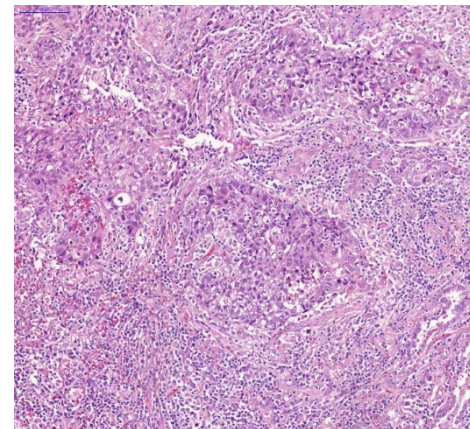
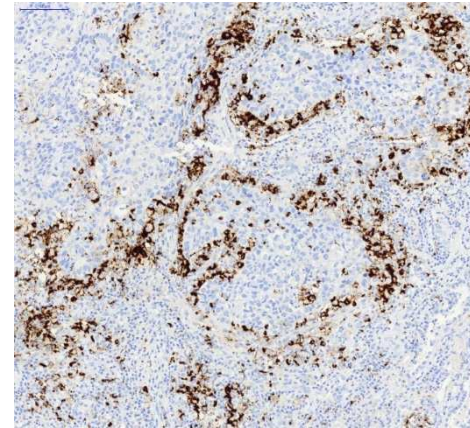
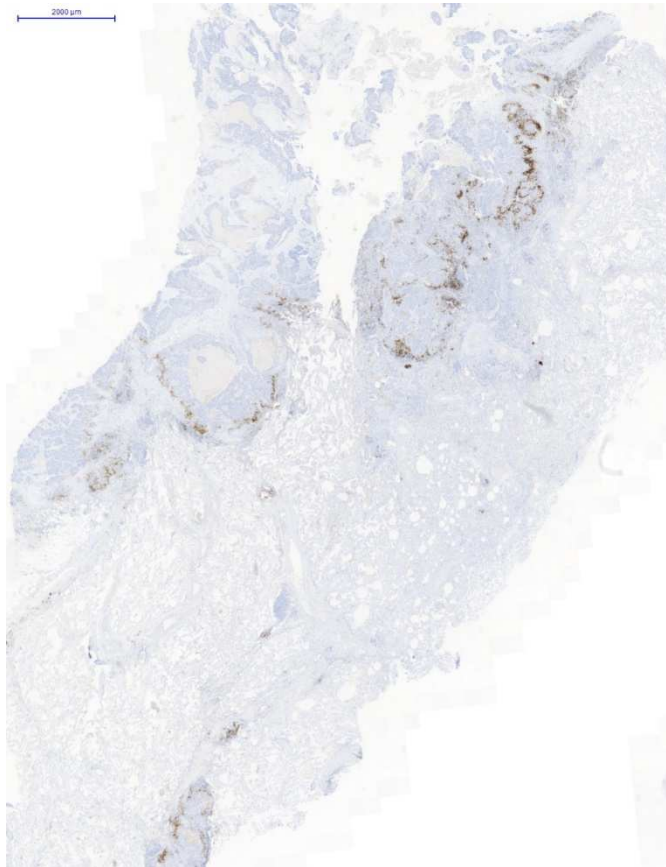


# PDL1 SP142

IC aggregate type

IC2

Pattern in less than half of tumor area



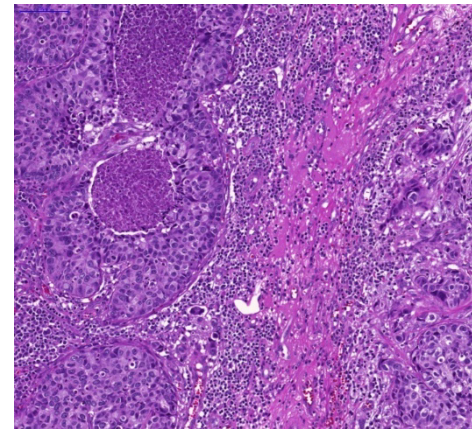
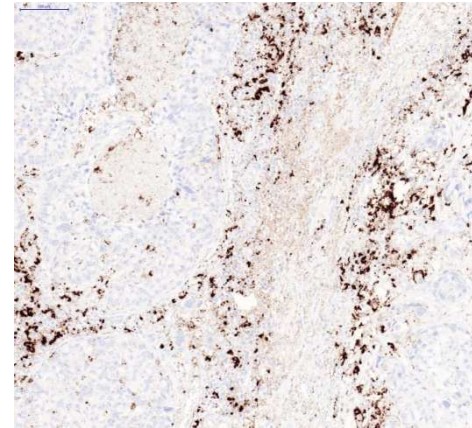
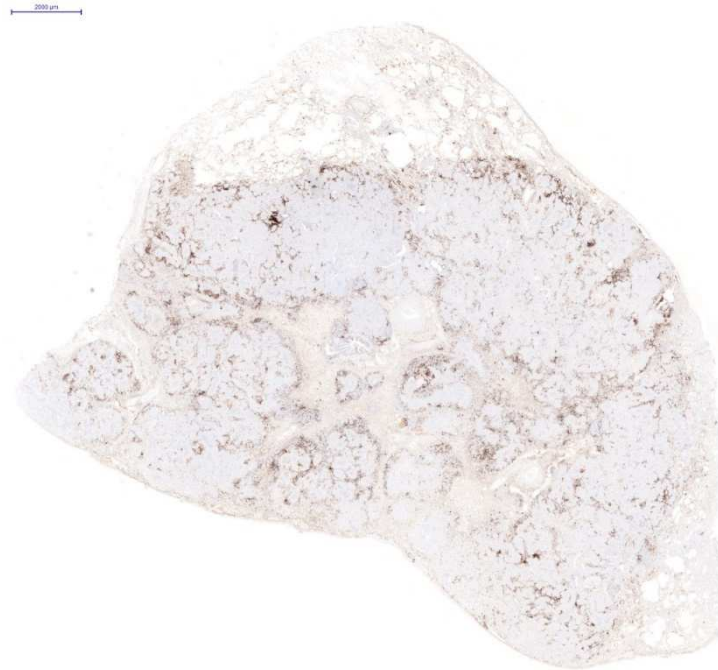


# PDL1 SP142

IC aggregate type

IC3

Pattern in more than half of the tumor area

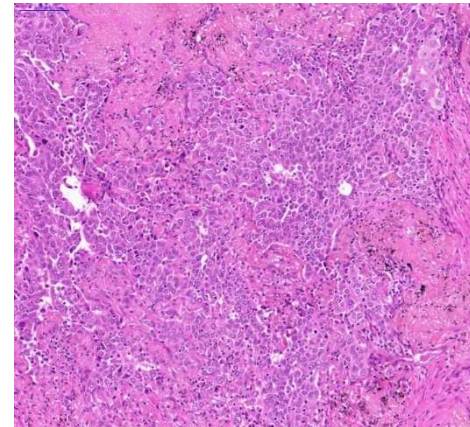
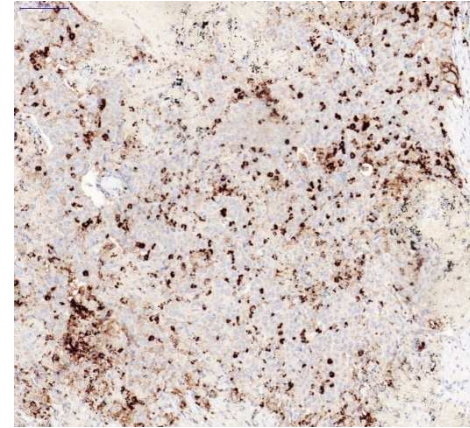
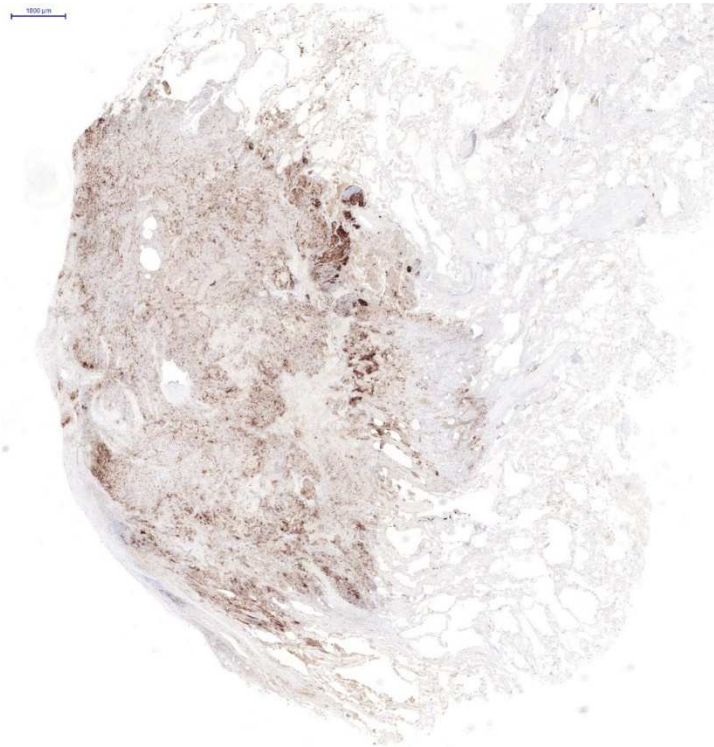


# PDL1 SP142

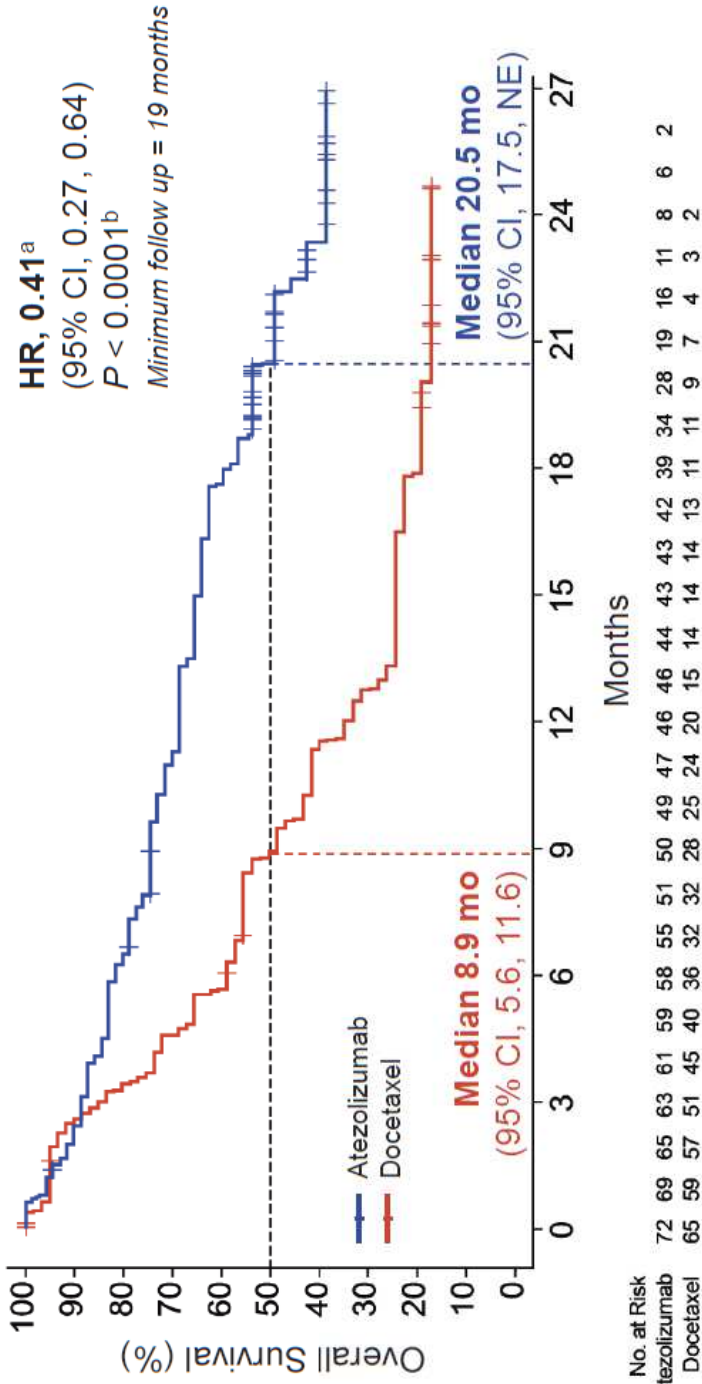
IC single cell spread

IC3

Pattern in more than half of tumor area



# OS, PD-L1 EXPRESSION ON ≥ 50% TC OR ≥ 10% IC TC3 OR IC3; 16% OF PATIENTS



No. at Risk  
Atezolizumab  
Docetaxel

72	69	65	63	61	59	58	55	51	50	49	47	46	44	43	43	42	39	34	28	19	16	11	8	6	2
65	59	57	51	45	40	36	32	32	28	25	24	20	15	14	14	13	11	11	9	7	4	3	2	2	

<sup>a</sup>Unstratified HR.

<sup>b</sup>P values for descriptive purpose only.

TC, tumor cells; IC, tumor-infiltrating immune cells; OS, overall survival.

Barlesi et al, Atezolizumab Phase III OAK Study. <http://tago.ca/9Hh>

# Sample Types Used for PD-L1 Analysis in NSCLC & Bladder Cancer

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## NSCLC

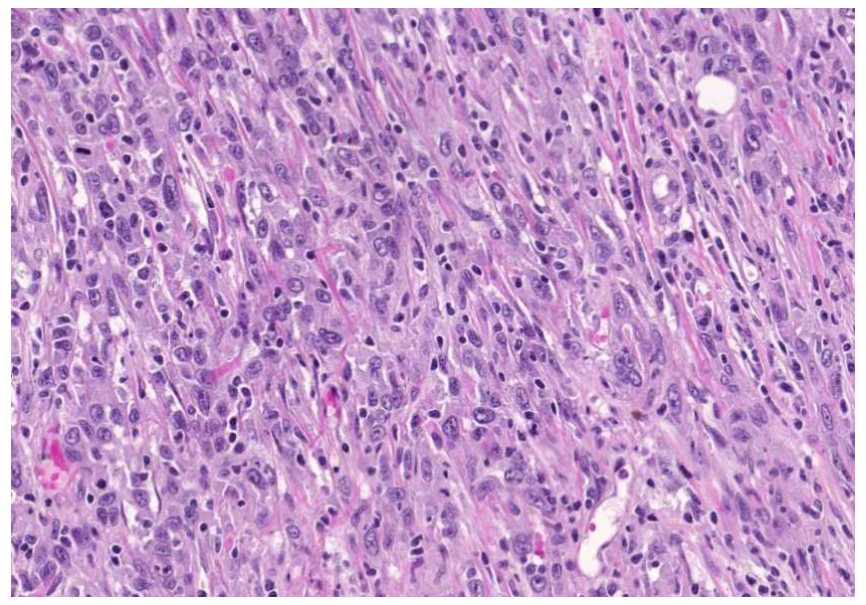
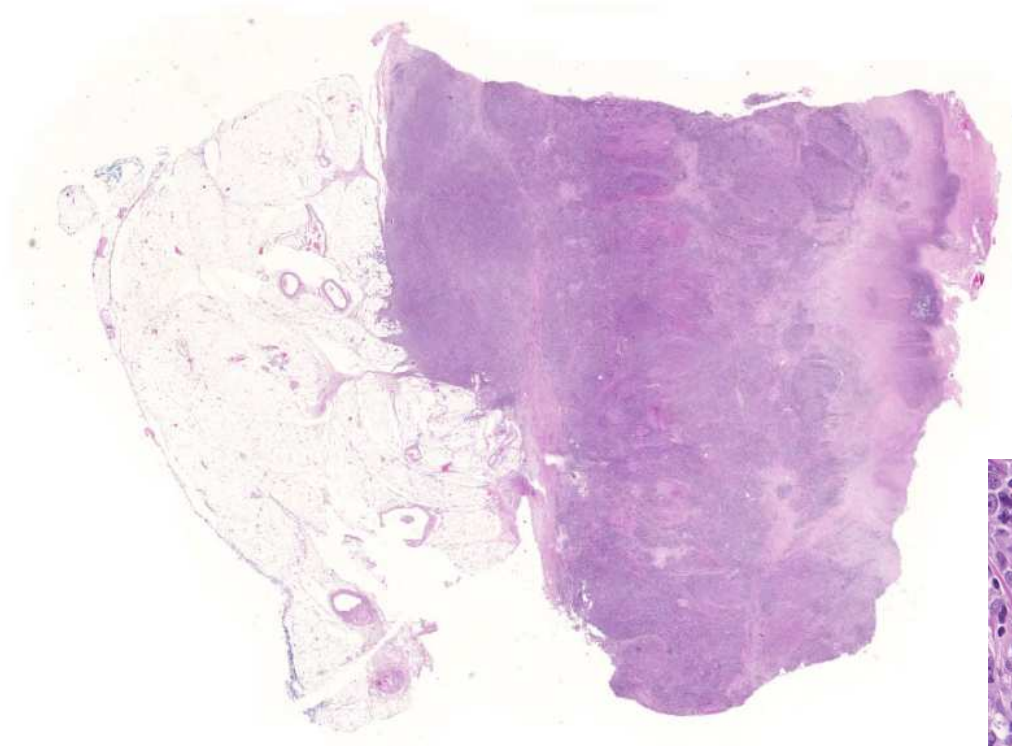
- Bronchoscopic Biopsies
- Tru Cut Biopsies
- Resections
- Metastatic Lesions

## Bladder

- TransUrethral Resection (TUR)
- Resections
- Metastatic Lesions

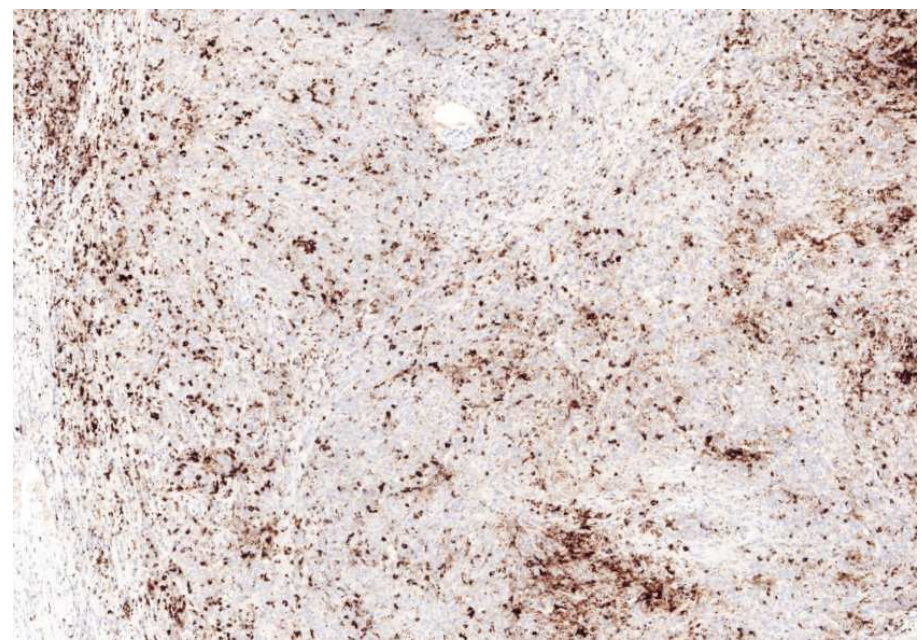


# Bladder Cancer Resection



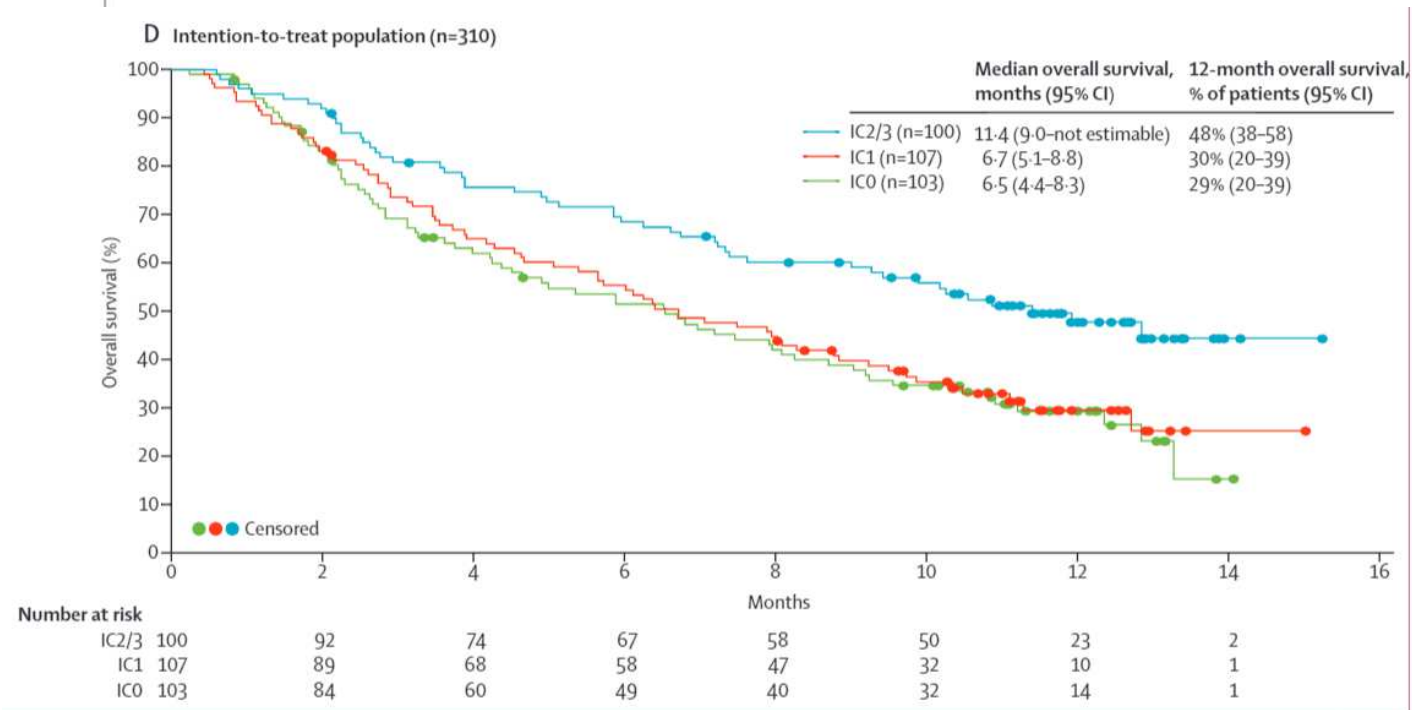
**Bladder Cancer Resection**  
**PD-L1 Positive TC and IC Staining**

PDL1 SP142



# Atezolizumab in patients with locally advanced and metastatic urothelial carcinoma who have progressed following treatment with platinum-based chemotherapy: a single-arm, multicentre, phase 2 trial

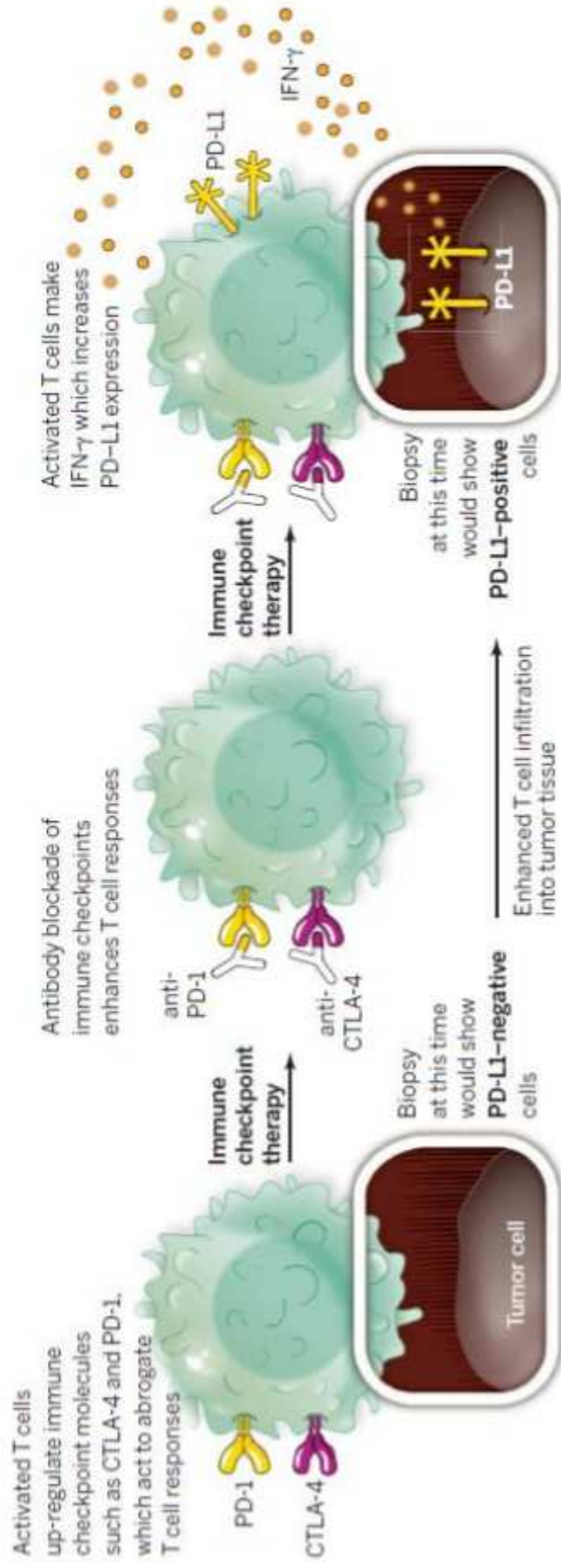
Jonathan E Rosenberg, Jean Hoffman-Censits, Tom Powles, Michiel S van der Heijden, Arjun V Balar, Andrea Necchi, Nancy Dawson, Peter H O'Donnell, Ani Balmanoukian, Yohann Loriot, Sandy Srinivas, Margitta M Retz, Petros Grivas, Richard W Joseph, Matthew D Galsky, Mark T Fleming, Daniel P Petrylak, Jose Luis Perez-Gracia, Howard A Burris, Daniel Castellano, Christina Canil, Joaquim Bellmunt, Dean Bajorin, Dorothee Nickles, Richard Bourgon, Garrett M Frampton, Na Cui, Sanjeev Mariathasan, Oyewale Abidoye, Gregg D Fine, Robert Dreicer





# PD-L1 Expression (IHC) as a Predictive Biomarker

## Spatiotemporal Heterogeneity





# Conclusions

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- The PDL1 Tumor cell (TC) staining of 28-8, 22C3 and SP263 show a good correlation if done with the correct detection system
- This indicates that selection of patients for PDL1 TC expression can be done by one of these validated assays.
- The PDL1 SP142 shows lower TC staining but a crisp IC staining
- PD-L1 scoring SP142 will be the first PDL1 IC assay.
- Pattern approach helps for IC scoring

